



ExaGrid and NetBackup Accelerator

A synthesized full backup approach for the fastest restores

DATA SHEET

Gartner

ExaGrid Named "Visionary" in the 2015 Magic Quadrant for Disk Backup with Deduplication Appliances



DCIG Rates ExaGrid #1 "Recommended Deduplicating Backup Appliance" in 2018 Buyer's Guide



ExaGrid Wins Storage Awards "Enterprise Backup Storage Vendor of the Year - 2018"



ExaGrid Voted SVC's "Hyper-convergence Company of the Year - 2018"



Storage Magazine Names ExaGrid "Product of the Year, Backup & DR Hardware Finalist - 2017"

Intelligent hyperconverged storage for backup provides close integration between the backup software and the backup storage. Together, Veritas NetBackup (NBU) and ExaGrid backup storage provide a cost-effective hyperconverged backup solution that scales to meet the needs of demanding enterprise environments. ExaGrid is certified as supporting NBU OpenStorage Technology (OST), NBU A.I.R. and NBU Accelerator.

NBU Accelerator moves only incremental changes across the LAN from the clients to the media server. It only moves the client data that has changed since the last backup (after the initial full backup) and combines the changed data with prior backups. This accelerates the process of finding source changes and reduces the volume of data that is sent to the media server and backup storage, resulting in a shortened backup window.

Although NBU Accelerator shortens the backup window as with all technologies, there are some trades-offs:

The first trade-off is that NBU Accelerator does not create a traditional full backup. Instead, it creates only incremental backups forever. This is a risky approach because if any data in the chain of incrementals has been corrupted or is missing, the backups cannot be restored. Longer retention periods create longer chains of incrementals, and therefore introduce higher risk. Creating a NBU synthetic full does not mitigate the risk, as is not a traditional full, but rather acts as a pointer to incrementals to gather the incrementals when requested.

The second trade-off is that in order to perform a restore, it involves a time-consuming restore of multiple incrementals which can take hours. To prevent this, it is recommended by Veritas that organizations using NBU Accelerator synthesize full backups on the backup storage, on a weekly or at least a monthly basis, to enable a restore of any daily, weekly, monthly, or yearly full backups. The trade-off of the shorter backup window is that while it does reduce the storage to a degree, it does not create a traditional full backup, which would allow for fast restores. NBU Accelerator only sends incremental changes in a highly intertwined format, therefore it can be very time-consuming to complete a restore, boot a VM, or make an offsite tape copy from any accelerated backup. This will not be as fast as keeping a traditional full backup.

The Challenges of Using NBU Accelerator with Inline Data Deduplication

Most backup appliances on the market utilize inline deduplication, which results in slow backup performance and lengthy restores.

Veritas NetBackup 5200/5300: The Veritas appliances struggle with ingest performance due to performing deduplication "inline" which means the data is deduplicated on the way to the disk, which is an extremely compute-intensive process that slows down the backups. In addition, this approach to deduplication is not as granular as that of a dedicated deduplication appliance, and therefore requires more disk to store long-term retention resulting in higher storage costs.

Dell EMC Data Domain: Data Domain appliances have aggressive deduplication and use less disk, but are expensive due to the need for the front-end controllers to make up for the slow performance caused by inline deduplication. In addition, inline deduplication only stores



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deduplicated data, making restores, VM boots, and offsite tape copies slow due to the time it takes to rehydrate the data for each request.

In either instance, the result is that backups are slow due to inline deduplication. In addition, restores are slow due to the need to rehydrate deduplicated data for every request, and both are expensive.

ExaGrid's Approach

ExaGrid's unique approach is to first write backups directly to a disk Landing Zone, avoiding inline processing and ensuring the highest possible backup performance, which results in the shortest backup window. ExaGrid's Adaptive Deduplication performs deduplication and replication in parallel with backups while providing full system resources to the backups for the shortest backup window. Backups are then resynthesized into a complete full backup, which keeps the most recent backups as a true full backup in an undeduplicated form. This avoids the lengthy data rehydration process that is used by Veritas or Data Domain, resulting in restores that are up to 20 times faster.

- **Fastest Ingest** - Backups are written directly to the landing zone without the CPU load of deduplication. Once the data commits to disk, ExaGrid's adaptive deduplication process deduplicates and replicates data in parallel with backups.
 - **Fastest Restores** - ExaGrid is the only solution that stores the most recent NBU Accelerator full backup in its undeduplicated form to provide the fastest restores, VM boots, and offsite tape copies. ExaGrid takes in the NBU Accelerator data in NBU format and then resynthesizes that data to create a fully-constituted backup in the landing zone. ExaGrid then retains longer-term retention in a deduplicated form in the ExaGrid repository. ExaGrid is the only backup storage with deduplication that maintains a fully hydrated copy in its landing zone for the fastest VM boots, restores and offsite tape copies.
 - **Maximized Storage** - With the ExaGrid approach of maintaining a full backup copy in its landing zone, the more backups that are kept (e.g., 8 weeklies, 24 monthlies, 7 yearlies), the more storage will be saved as ExaGrid is only keeping the changes from the synthesized full backups to the previous synthesized full backup, resulting in the lowest storage usage versus other approaches.
- **Scale-out Architecture** - ExaGrid's scale-out architecture adds full appliances to a scale-out system adding all the necessary processor, memory and networking resources along with disk capacity. This approach maintains a fixed-length backup window as the data grows by adding the additional resources required for the ever increasing data deduplication overhead.
 - **Flexibility** - The ExaGrid solution is flexible; as NBU Accelerator incrementals, NBU full backups, NBU database backups, as well as other backup application and utilities, such as, Veeam for VMWare, can simultaneously write into a single ExaGrid system. ExaGrid supports a wide range of backup scenarios and over 25 backup applications and utilities for a truly heterogeneous environment.
 - **Lowest Cost** - The savings realized by ExaGrid customers can be as much as half that of competitive solutions due to ExaGrid's aggressive adaptive deduplication and its low-cost architectural approach.

ExaGrid's unique scale-out architecture exclusively provides:

- The fastest backup by avoiding inline deduplication
- The fastest restores by keeping a fully-constituted, undeduplicated copy of the most recent NBU Accelerator full backups in the landing zone
- A fixed length backup window as data grows
- The lowest cost up front and over time - ExaGrid eliminates expensive server and controller forklift upgrades, which are constant and disruptive, and protects the product investment by eliminating product obsolescence
- A five-year price protection program, in writing, that guarantees the price that is paid for an appliance will not increase for up to five years

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